
Tracing the structural evolution of sub-monolayer Sn phases on Au(111)

Julian Hochhaus^{*1,2}, Lukas Kesper^{1,2}, Ulf Berges^{1,2}, Stefanie Hilgers^{1,2}, and Carsten Westphal^{1,2}

¹Department of Physics, TU Dortmund University – Germany

²Center for Synchrotron Radiation(DELTA), TU Dortmund University – Germany

Abstract

In this study, we investigate the effect of temperature and film thickness on the structure of sub-monolayer phases of Sn on Au(111). As the interface structure of low-dimensional materials is known to be a key determinant of their electronic properties, we primarily concentrate our analysis on the Sn/Au interface.

Here, we report a structural and chemical investigation of different sub-monolayer Sn phases on Au(111) using low-energy electron diffraction (LEED) and photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS). Gradually, tin layers of different thicknesses were deposited on the Au(111) surface by physical vapor deposition and subsequently heated. Our results reveal a strong correlation between the thickness of the films and the post-deposition annealing temperature with the structural and chemical configuration of the tin atoms. Our investigations tie in with our recently published results of the investigation of germanene on Ag(111).¹

References:

1) Kesper, L., Hochhaus, J.A., Westphal, C. et al. *Tracing the structural evolution of quasi-freestanding germanene on Ag(111)*. Sci Rep **12**, 7559 (2022).

*Speaker